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CHAPTER 7

INTEGRALS

POINTS TO REMEMBER

- Integration is the reverse process of Differentiation.
- Let $\frac{d}{dx}F(x) = f(x)$ then we write $\int f(x)dx = F(x) + c$.
- These integrals are called indefinite integrals and c is called constant of integration.
- From geometrical point of view an indefinite integral is collection of family of curves each of which is obtained by translating one of the curves parallel to itself upwards or downwards along y -axis.

STANDARD FORMULAE

$$1. \int x^n dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + c & n \neq -1 \\ \log|x| + c & n = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$2. \int (ax + b)^n dx = \begin{cases} \frac{(ax + b)^{n+1}}{(n+1)a} + c & n \neq -1 \\ \frac{1}{a} \log|ax + b| + c & n = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$3. \int \sin x dx = -\cos x + c. \quad 4. \int \cos x dx = \sin x + c.$$

$$5. \int \tan x \cdot dx = -\log|\cos x| + c = \log|\sec x| + c.$$

$$6. \int \cot x \, dx = \log |\sin x| + c. \quad 7. \int \sec^2 x \, dx = \tan x + c.$$

$$8. \int \operatorname{cosec}^2 x \, dx = -\cot x + c. \quad 9. \int \sec x \cdot \tan x \, dx = \sec x + c.$$

$$10. \int \operatorname{cosec} x \cot x \, dx = -\operatorname{cosec} x + c.$$

$$11. \int \sec x \, dx = \log |\sec x + \tan x| + c.$$

$$12. \int \operatorname{cosec} x \, dx = \log |\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x| + c.$$

$$13. \int e^x \, dx = e^x + c. \quad 14. \int a^x \, dx = \frac{a^x}{\log a} + c$$

$$15. \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \, dx = \sin^{-1} x + c, |x| < 1.$$

$$16. \int \frac{1}{1+x^2} \, dx = \tan^{-1} x + c.$$

$$17. \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x^2-1}} \, dx = \sec^{-1} x + c, |x| > 1.$$

$$18. \int \frac{1}{a^2-x^2} \, dx = \frac{1}{2a} \log \left| \frac{a+x}{a-x} \right| + c.$$

$$19. \int \frac{1}{x^2-a^2} \, dx = \frac{1}{2a} \log \left| \frac{x-a}{x+a} \right| + c.$$

$$20. \int \frac{1}{a^2+x^2} \, dx = \frac{1}{a} \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + c.$$

$$21. \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx = \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + c.$$

$$22. \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} dx = \log |x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}| + c.$$

$$23. \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}} dx = \log |x + \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}| + c.$$

$$24. \int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx = \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + c.$$

$$25. \int \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} dx = \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \log |x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}| + c.$$

$$26. \int \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} dx = \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} - \frac{a^2}{2} \log |x + \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}| + c.$$

RULES OF INTEGRATION

1. $\int k.f(x) dx = k \int f(x) dx.$
2. $\int k \{f(x) \pm g(x)\} dx = k \int f(x) dx \pm k \int g(x) dx.$

INTEGRATION BY SUBSTITUTION

1. $\int \frac{f'(x)}{f(x)} dx = \log |f(x)| + c.$
2. $\int [f(x)]^n f'(x) dx = \frac{[f(x)]^{n+1}}{n+1} + c.$

$$3. \int \frac{f'(x)}{[f(x)]^n} dx = \frac{(f(x))^{-n+1}}{-n+1} + c.$$

INTEGRATION BY PARTS

$$\int f(x) \cdot g(x) dx = f(x) \cdot \left[\int g(x) dx \right] - \int f'(x) \cdot \left[\int g(x) dx \right] dx.$$

DEFINITE INTEGRALS

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = F(b) - F(a), \text{ where } F(x) = \int f(x) dx.$$

DEFINITE INTEGRAL AS A LIMIT OF SUMS.

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} h \left[f(a) + f(a+h) + f(a+2h) + \dots + f(a+(n-1)h) \right]$$

$$\text{where } h = \frac{b-a}{n}. \quad \text{or} \quad \int_a^b f(x) dx = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left[h \sum_{r=1}^n f(a+rh) \right]$$

PROPERTIES OF DEFINITE INTEGRAL

$$1. \int_a^b f(x) dx = - \int_b^a f(x) dx.$$

$$2. \int_a^b f(x) dx = \int_a^b f(t) dt.$$

$$3. \int_a^b f(x) dx = \int_a^c f(x) dx + \int_c^b f(x) dx.$$

$$4. \text{ (i) } \int_a^b f(x) dx = \int_a^b f(a+b-x) dx. \quad \text{(ii) } \int_0^a f(x) dx = \int_0^a f(a-x) dx.$$

$$5. \int_{-a}^a f(x) dx = 0; \text{ if } f(x) \text{ is odd function.}$$

$$6. \int_{-a}^a f(x) dx = 2 \int_0^a f(x) dx, \quad \text{if } f(x) \text{ is even function.}$$

$$7. \int_0^{2a} f(x) dx = \begin{cases} 2 \int_0^a f(x) dx, & \text{if } f(2a-x) = f(x) \\ 0, & \text{if } f(2a-x) = -f(x) \end{cases}$$

VERY SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS (1 MARK)

Evaluate the following integrals

$$1. \int (\sin^{-1} \sqrt{x} + \cos^{-1} \sqrt{x}) dx.$$

$$2. \int_{-1}^1 e^{|x|} dx.$$

$$3. \int \frac{1}{1 - \sin^2 x} dx.$$

$$4. \int \left(8^x + x^8 + \frac{8}{x} + \frac{x}{8} \right) dx.$$

$$5. \int_{-1}^1 x^{99} \cos^4 x dx.$$

$$6. \int \frac{1}{x \log x \log(\log x)} dx.$$

$$7. \int_0^{\pi/2} \log \left(\frac{4 + 3 \sin x}{4 + 3 \cos x} \right) dx.$$

$$8. \int (e^{a \log x} + e^{x \log a}) dx.$$

$$9. \int \left(\frac{\cos 2x + 2 \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} \right) dx.$$

$$10. \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi/2} \sin^7 x dx.$$

$$11. \int (x^c + c^x) dx.$$

$$12. \frac{d}{dx} \left[\int f(x) dx \right].$$

13. $\int \frac{1}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x} dx.$

14. $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x-1}} dx.$

15. $\int e^{-\log e^x} dx.$

16. $\int \frac{e^x}{a^x} dx.$

17. $\int 2^x e^x dx.$

18. $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+1}} dx.$

19. $\int \frac{x}{(x+1)^2} dx.$

20. $\int \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx.$

21. $\int \cos^2 \alpha dx.$

22. $\int \frac{1}{x \cos \alpha + 1} dx.$

23. $\int \sec x \cdot \log(\sec x + \tan x) dx.$

24. $\int \frac{1}{\cos \alpha + x \sin \alpha} dx.$

25. $\int \cot x \cdot \log \sin x dx.$

26. $\int \left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right)^3 dx.$

27. $\int \frac{1}{x(2+3 \log x)} dx.$

28. $\int \frac{1 - \sin x}{x + \cos x} dx.$

29. $\int \frac{1 - \cos x}{\sin x} dx.$

30. $\int \frac{x^{e-1} + e^{x-1}}{x^e + e^x} dx.$

31. $\int \frac{(x+1)}{x} (x + \log x) dx.$

32. $\int \left(\sqrt{ax} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)^2 dx.$

33. $\int_0^\pi |\cos x| dx.$

34. $\int_0^2 [x] dx$ where $[]$ is greatest integer function.

35. $\int_0^{\sqrt{2}} [x^2] dx$ where $[]$ is greatest integer function.

36. $\int_a^b \frac{f(x)}{f(x)+f(a+b-x)} dx.$ 37. $\int_{-2}^1 \frac{|x|}{x} dx.$

38. $\int_{-1}^1 x|x| dx.$

39. If $\int_0^a \frac{1}{1+x^2} = \frac{\pi}{4}$, then what is value of a .

40. $\int_a^b f(x) dx + \int_b^a f(x) dx.$

SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS (4 MARKS)

41. (i) $\int \frac{x \operatorname{cosec}(\tan^{-1} x^2)}{1+x^4} dx.$ (ii) $\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x-1}}{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x-1}} dx.$

(iii) $\int \frac{1}{\sin(x-a)\sin(x-b)} dx.$ (iv) $\int \frac{\cos(x+a)}{\cos(x-a)} dx.$

(v) $\int \cos x \cos 2x \cos 3x dx.$ (vi) $\int \cos^5 x dx.$

(vii) $\int \sin^2 x \cos^4 x dx.$ (viii) $\int \cot^3 x \operatorname{cosec}^4 x dx.$

(ix) $\int \frac{\sin x \cos x}{\sqrt{a^2 \sin^2 x + b^2 \cos^2 x}} dx.$ (x) $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos^3 x \cos(x+a)}} dx.$

(xi) $\int \frac{\sin^6 x + \cos^6 x}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x} dx.$ (xii) $\int \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sqrt{\sin 2x}} dx.$

42. Evaluate :

$$(i) \int \frac{x}{x^4 + x^2 + 1} dx.$$

$$*(ii) \int \frac{1}{x [6(\log x)^2 + 7 \log x + 2]} dx.$$

$$(iii) \int \frac{dx}{1 + x - x^2}.$$

$$(iv) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9 + 8x - x^2}} dx.$$

$$(v) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(x-a)(x-b)}} dx.$$

$$(vi) \int \sqrt{\frac{\sin(x-\alpha)}{\sin(x+\alpha)}} dx.$$

$$(vii) \int \frac{5x-2}{3x^2+2x+1} dx.$$

$$(viii) \int \frac{x^2}{x^2+6x+12} dx.$$

$$(ix) \int \frac{x+2}{\sqrt{4x-x^2}} dx.$$

$$(x) \int x\sqrt{1+x-x^2} dx.$$

$$(xi) \int (3x-2)\sqrt{x^2+x+1} dx.$$

$$(xii) \int \sqrt{\sec x + 1} dx.$$

43. Evaluate :

$$(i) \int \frac{dx}{x(x^7+1)}.$$

$$(ii) \int \frac{\sin x}{(1+\cos x)(2+3\cos x)} dx.$$

$$(iii) \int \frac{\sin \theta \cos \theta}{\cos^2 \theta - \cos \theta - 2} d\theta.$$

$$(iv) \int \frac{x-1}{(x+1)(x-2)(x+3)} dx.$$

$$(v) \int \frac{x^2+x+2}{(x-2)(x-1)} dx.$$

$$(vi) \int \frac{(x^2+1)(x^2+2)}{(x^3+3)(x^2+4)} dx.$$

$$(vii) \int \frac{dx}{(2x+1)(x^2+4)}.$$

$$(viii) \int \frac{dx}{\sin x(1-2\cos x)}.$$

$$(ix) \int \frac{\sin x}{\sin 4x} dx.$$

$$(x) \int \frac{x^2-1}{x^4+x^2+1} dx.$$

$$(xi) \int \sqrt{\tan x} dx.$$

$$(xii) \int \frac{x^2+9}{x^4+81} dx.$$

44. Evaluate :

$$(i) \int x^5 \sin x^3 dx.$$

$$(ii) \int \sec^3 x dx.$$

$$(iii) \int e^{ax} \cos(bx+c) dx.$$

$$(iv) \int \sin^{-1} \frac{6x}{1+9x^2} dx.$$

$$(v) \int \cos \sqrt{x} dx.$$

$$(vi) \int x^3 \tan^{-1} x dx.$$

$$(vii) \int e^{2x} \left(\frac{1+\sin 2x}{1+\cos 2x} \right) dx.$$

$$(viii) \int e^x \left(\frac{x-1}{2x^2} \right) dx.$$

$$(ix) \int \sqrt{2ax-x^2} dx.$$

$$(x) \int e^x \frac{(x^2+1)}{(x+1)^2} dx.$$

$$(xi) \int e^x \frac{(2+\sin 2x)}{(1+\cos 2x)} dx.$$

$$(xii) \int \left\{ \log(\log x) + \frac{1}{(\log x)^2} \right\} dx.$$

$$(xiii) \int (6x + 5) \sqrt{6 + x - x^2} dx.$$

$$(xiv) \int (x - 2) \sqrt{\frac{x + 3}{x - 3}} dx.$$

$$(xv) \int (2x - 5) \sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 3} dx.$$

$$(xvi) \int \sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 8} dx.$$

45. Evaluate the following definite integrals :

$$(i) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{9 + 16 \sin 2x} dx.$$

$$(ii) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos 2x \log \sin x dx.$$

$$(iii) \int_0^1 x \sqrt{\frac{1 - x^2}{1 + x^2}} dx.$$

$$(iv) \int_0^{1/\sqrt{2}} \frac{\sin^{-1} x}{(1 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx.$$

$$(v) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin 2x}{\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x} dx.$$

$$(vi) \int_1^2 \frac{5x^2}{x^2 + 4x + 3} dx.$$

$$(vii) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{x + \sin x}{1 + \cos x} dx.$$

46. Evaluate :

$$(i) \int_1^3 \{|x - 1| + |x - 2| + |x - 3|\} dx. \quad (ii) \int_0^{\pi} \frac{x}{1 + \sin x} dx.$$

$$(iii) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \log(1 + \tan x) dx.$$

$$(iv) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log \sin x dx.$$

$$(v) \int_0^{\pi} \frac{x \sin x}{1 + \cos^2 x} dx.$$

$$(vi) \int_{-2}^2 f(x) dx \text{ where } f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x - x^3 & \text{when } -2 \leq x < -1 \\ x^3 - 3x + 2 & \text{when } -1 \leq x < 1 \\ 3x - 2 & \text{when } 1 \leq x < 2. \end{cases}$$

$$(vii) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{x \sin x \cos x}{\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x} dx.$$

$$(viii) \int_0^{\pi} \frac{x}{a^2 \cos^2 x + b^2 \sin^2 x} dx.$$

47. Evaluate the following integrals

$$(i) \int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/3} \frac{dx}{1 + \sqrt{\tan x}}$$

$$(ii) \int_0^1 \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2} \right) dx.$$

$$(iii) \int_{-1}^1 \log \left(\frac{1 + \sin x}{1 - \sin x} \right) dx.$$

$$(iv) \int_0^{\pi} \frac{e^{\cos x}}{e^{\cos x} + e^{-\cos x}} dx.$$

$$(v) \int_0^{\pi} \frac{x \tan x}{\sec x \operatorname{cosec} x} dx.$$

$$(iv) \int_{-a}^a \sqrt{\frac{a-x}{a+x}} dx.$$

48. $\int_0^1 [2x] dx$ where $[]$ is greatest integer function.

49. $\int e^{\log x + \log \sin x} dx.$

50. $\int e^{\log(x+1) - \log x} dx.$

51. $\int \frac{\sin x}{\sin 2x} dx.$

52. $\int \sin x \sin 2x dx.$

53. $\int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} |\sin x| dx.$

54. $\int_a^b f(x) dx + \int_b^a f(a+b-x) dx.$

55. $\int \frac{1}{\sec x + \tan x} dx.$

56. $\int \frac{\sin^2 x}{1 + \cos x} dx.$

57. $\int \frac{1 - \tan x}{1 + \tan x} dx.$

58. $\int \frac{a^x + b^x}{c^x} dx.$

59. Evaluate

(i) $\int \frac{\sin^{-1} \sqrt{x} - \cos^{-1} \sqrt{x}}{\sin^{-1} \sqrt{x} + \cos^{-1} \sqrt{x}} dx, x \in [0, 1]$

(ii) $\int \sqrt{\frac{1 - \sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}}} dx$

(iii) $\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} [\log(x^2 + 1) - 2 \log x]}{x^4} dx$

(iv) $\int \frac{x^2}{(x \sin x + \cos x)^2} dx$

(v) $\int \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a+x}} dx$

(vi) $\int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sqrt{\sin 2x}} dx$

$$(vii) \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (\sin |x| - \cos |x|) dx$$

$$(viii) \int_1^2 [x^2] dx, \text{ where } [x] \text{ is greatest integer function}$$

$$(ix) \int_{-1}^{\frac{3}{2}} |x \sin \pi x| dx.$$

LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS (6 MARKS)

60. Evaluate the following integrals :

$$(i) \int \frac{x^5 + 4}{x^5 - x} dx.$$

$$(ii) \int \frac{dx}{(x-1)(x^2+4)} dx$$

$$(iii) \int \frac{2x^3}{(x+1)(x-3)^2} dx$$

$$(iv) \int \frac{x^4}{x^4 - 16} dx$$

$$(v) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (\sqrt{\tan x} + \sqrt{\cot x}) dx.$$

$$(vi) \int \frac{1}{x^4 + 1} dx.$$

$$(vii) \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \tan^{-1} x}{(1+x^2)^2} dx.$$

61. Evaluate the following integrals as limit of sums :

$$(i) \int_2^4 (2x + 1) dx.$$

$$(ii) \int_0^2 (x^2 + 3) dx.$$

$$(iii) \int_1^3 (3x^2 - 2x + 4) dx.$$

$$(iv) \int_0^4 (3x^2 + e^{2x}) dx.$$

$$(v) \int_2^5 (x^2 + 3x) dx.$$

62. Evaluate

$$(i) \int_0^1 \cot^{-1}(1 - x + x^2) dx$$

$$(ii) \int \frac{dx}{(\sin x - 2 \cos x)(2 \sin x + \cos x)}$$

$$(iii) \int_0^1 \frac{\log(1+x)}{1+x^2} dx$$

$$(iv) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (2 \log \sin x - \log \sin 2x) dx.$$

$$63. \int \frac{1}{\sin x + \sin 2x} dx.$$

$$64. \int \frac{(3 \sin \theta - 2) \cos \theta}{5 - \cos^2 \theta - 4 \sin \theta} d\theta.$$

$$65. \int \sec^3 x dx.$$

$$66. \int e^{2x} \cos 3x dx.$$

ANSWERS

$$1. \frac{\pi}{2} x + c.$$

$$2. 2e - 2$$

$$3. \tan x + c.$$

$$4. \frac{8^x}{\log 8} + \frac{x^9}{9} + 8 \log |x| + \frac{x^2}{16} + c.$$

$$5. 0$$

$$6. \log | \log (\log x) | + c$$

7. 0
8. $\frac{x^{a+1}}{a+1} + \frac{a^x}{\log a} + c$
9. $\tan x + c$
10. 0
11. $\frac{x^{c+1}}{c+1} + \frac{c^x}{\log c} + c$
12. $f(x) + c$
13. $\tan x - \cot x + c$
14. $\frac{2}{3}x^{3/2} - \frac{2}{3}(x-1)^{3/2} + c$
15. $\log |x| + c$
16. $\left(\frac{e}{a}\right)^x / \log(e/a) + c$
17. $\frac{2^x e^x}{\log(2e)} + c$
18. $\frac{2}{3}(x+1)^{3/2} - 2(x+1)^{1/2} + c.$
19. $\log|x+1| + \frac{1}{x+1} + c.$
20. $2e^{\sqrt{x}} + c$
21. $x \cos^2 \alpha + c$
22. $\frac{\log |x \cos \alpha + 1|}{\cos \alpha} + c.$
23. $\frac{(\log |\sec x + \tan x|)^2}{2} + c$
24. $\frac{\log |\cos \alpha + x \sin \alpha|}{\sin \alpha} + c$
25. $\frac{(\log \sin x)^2}{2} + c$
26. $\frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{1}{2x^2} - \frac{3x^2}{2} + 3|\log x| + c.$
27. $\frac{1}{3} \log |2 + 3 \log x| + c.$
28. $\log |x + \cos x| + c$
29. $2 \log |\sec x/2| + c.$
30. $\frac{1}{e} \log |x^e + e^x| + c.$

31. $\frac{(x + \log x)^2}{2} + c$

32. $a\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{\log|ax|}{a} - 2x + c.$

33. 0

34. 1

35. $(\sqrt{2} - 1)$

36. $\frac{b-a}{2}$

37. -1

38. 0

39. 1

40. 0

41. (i) $\frac{1}{2} \log \left[\operatorname{cosec}(\tan^{-1} x^2) - \frac{1}{x^2} \right] + c.$

(ii) $\frac{1}{2}(x^2 - x\sqrt{x^2 - 1}) + \frac{1}{2} \log |x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1}| + c.$

(iii) $\frac{1}{\sin(a-b)} \log \left| \frac{\sin(x-a)}{\sin(x-b)} \right| + c$

(iv) $x \cos 2a - \sin 2a \log |\sec(x-a)| + c.$

(v) $\frac{1}{48} [12x + 6 \sin 2x + 3 \sin 4x + 2 \sin 6x] + c.$

(vi) $\sin x - \frac{2}{3} \sin^3 x + \frac{1}{5} \sin^5 x + c.$

(vii) $\frac{1}{32} \left[2x + \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x - \frac{1}{2} \sin 4x - \frac{1}{6} \sin 6x \right] + c.$

(viii) $-\left(\frac{\cot^6 x}{6} + \frac{\cot^4 x}{4} \right) + c.$

(ix) $\frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a^2 \sin^2 x + b^2 \cos^2 x}} + c.$

[Hint : put $a^2 \sin^2 x + b^2 \cos^2 x = t$]

$$(x) -2 \operatorname{cosec} a \sqrt{\cos a - \tan x \cdot \sin a} + c.$$

[Hint. : Take $\sec^2 x$ as numerator]

$$(xi) \tan x - \cot x - 3x + c.$$

$$(xii) \sin^{-1} (\sin x - \cos x) + c.$$

$$42. \quad (i) \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + c. \quad [\text{Hint : put } x^2 = t]$$

$$(ii) \log \left| \frac{2 \log x + 1}{3 \log x + 2} \right| + C \quad [\text{Hint : put } \log x = t]$$

$$(iii) \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{5} - 1 + 2x}{\sqrt{5} + 1 - 2x} \right| + c$$

$$(iv) \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x - 4}{5} \right) + c.$$

$$(v) 2 \log |\sqrt{x - a} + \sqrt{x - b}| + c$$

(vi)

$$- \cos \alpha \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{\cos x}{\cos \alpha} \right) - \sin \alpha \cdot \log \left| \sin x + \sqrt{\sin^2 x - \sin^2 \alpha} \right| + c$$

$$\left[\text{Hint : } \sqrt{\frac{\sin(x - \alpha)}{\sin(x + \alpha)}} = \frac{\sin(x - \alpha)}{\sin^2 x - \sin^2 \alpha} \right]$$

$$(vii) \frac{5}{6} \log |3x^2 + 2x + 1| + \frac{(-11)}{3\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3x + 1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$$

$$(viii) x - 3 \log |x^2 + 6x + 12| + 2\sqrt{3} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x + 3}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + c$$

$$(ix) -\sqrt{4x - x^2} + 4 \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x - 2}{2} \right) + c$$

$$(x) \quad \frac{-1}{3}(1+x-x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{1}{8}(2x-1)\sqrt{1+x-x^2} + \frac{5}{16}\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{5}}\right) + c$$

$$(xi) \quad (x^2+x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{7}{2} \left[\left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{x^2+x+1} + \frac{3}{8} \log \left| x + \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2+x+1} \right| \right] + c$$

$$(xii) \quad -\log \left| \cos x + \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{\cos^2 x + \cos x} \right| + c$$

[Hint : Multiply and divide by $\sqrt{\sec x + 1}$]

43. (i) $\frac{1}{7} \log \left| \frac{x^7}{x^7+1} \right| + c$

(ii) $\log \left| \frac{1+\cos x}{2+3\cos x} \right| + c$

(iii) $\frac{-2}{3} \log |\cos \theta - 2| - \frac{1}{3} \log |1 + \cos \theta| + c.$

(iv) $\frac{9}{10} \log |x+3| + \frac{4}{15} \log |x-2| - \frac{1}{6} |x+1| + c$

(v) $x + 4 \log \left| \frac{(x-2)^2}{x-1} \right| + c$

(vi) $x + \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - 3 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + c$

[Hint : put $x^2 = t$]

(vii) $\frac{2}{17} \log |2x+1| - \frac{1}{17} \log |x^2+4| + \frac{1}{34} \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{2} + c$

$$(viii) \quad -\frac{1}{2} \log |1 - \cos x| - \frac{1}{6} \log |1 + \cos x| + \frac{2}{3} \log |1 - 2 \cos x| + c$$

[Hint : Multiply N^r and D^r by sin x and put cos x = t]

$$(ix) \quad \frac{-1}{8} \log \left| \frac{1 + \sin x}{1 - \sin x} \right| + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{1 + \sqrt{2} \sin x}{1 - \sqrt{2} \sin x} \right| + c$$

$$(x) \quad \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{x^2 - x + 1}{x^2 + x + 1} \right| + c$$

$$(xi) \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\tan x - 1}{\sqrt{2} \tan x} \right) + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{\tan x - \sqrt{2} \tan x + 1}{\tan x + \sqrt{2} \tan x + 1} \right| + c$$

$$(xii) \quad \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x^2 - 9}{3\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$$

$$44. \quad (i) \quad \frac{1}{3} [-x^3 \cos x^3 + \sin x^3] + c$$

$$(ii) \quad \frac{1}{2} [\sec x \tan x + \log |\sec x + \tan x|] + c$$

[Hint : Write sec³x = sec x . sec² x and take sec x as first function]

$$(iii) \quad \frac{e^{ax}}{a^2 + b^2} [a \cos (bx + c) + b \sin (bx + c)] + c_1$$

$$(iv) \quad 2x \tan^{-1} 3x - \frac{1}{3} \log |1 + 9x^2| + c \quad \text{[Hint : put } 3x = \tan \theta \text{]}$$

$$(v) \quad 2[\sqrt{x} \sin \sqrt{x} + \cos \sqrt{x}] + c$$

$$(vi) \quad \left(\frac{x^4 - 1}{4} \right) \tan^{-1} x - \frac{x^3}{12} + \frac{x}{4} + c.$$

$$(vii) \quad \frac{1}{2} e^{2x} \tan x + c. \qquad (viii) \quad \frac{e^x}{2x} + c.$$

$$(ix) \quad \frac{x-a}{2} \sqrt{2ax-x^2} - \frac{a^2}{2} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x-a}{a} \right) + c$$

$$(x) \quad e^x \left(\frac{x-1}{x+1} \right) + c.$$

$$(xi) \quad e^x \tan x + c.$$

$$(xii) \quad x \log |\log x| - \frac{x}{\log x} + c. \text{ [Hint : put } \log x = t \Rightarrow x = e^t \text{]}$$

$$(xiii) \quad -2(6+x-x^2)^{3/2} + 8 \left[\frac{2x-1}{4} \sqrt{6+x-x^2} + \frac{25}{8} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x-1}{5} \right) \right] + c$$

$$(xiv) \quad \frac{1}{2} (x+2) \sqrt{x^2-9} - \frac{3}{2} \log |x + \sqrt{x^2-9}| + c$$

$$(xv) \quad \frac{2}{3} (x^2-4x+3)^{3/2} - \left(\frac{x-2}{2} \right) \sqrt{x^2-4x+3} + \frac{1}{2} \log |x-2 + \sqrt{x^2-4x+3}| + c$$

$$(xvi) \quad \left(\frac{x-2}{2} \right) \sqrt{x^2-4x+8} + 2 \log |(x-2) + \sqrt{x^2-4x+8}| + c$$

$$45. \quad (i) \quad \frac{1}{20} \log 3.$$

$$(ii) \quad -\frac{\pi}{4}$$

(iii) $\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{1}{2}$. [Hint : put $x^2 = t$] (iv) $\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \log 2$.

(v) $\frac{\pi}{2}$.

(vi) $5 - 10 \log \frac{15}{8} + \frac{25}{2} \log \left(\frac{6}{5} \right)$.

(vii) $\pi/2$. [Hint : $\left(\frac{x}{1 + \cos x} + \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x} \right) dx$.]

46. (i) 8. (ii) π .

(iii) $\frac{\pi}{8} \log 2$. (iv) $\frac{-\pi}{2} \log 2$.

(v) $\frac{1}{4} \pi^2$.

(vi) 95/12.

[Hint : $\int_{-2}^2 f(x) dx = \int_{-2}^{-1} f(x) dx + \int_{-1}^1 f(x) dx + \int_1^2 f(x) dx$]

(vii) $\frac{\pi^2}{16}$.

(viii) $\frac{\pi^2}{2ab}$. [Hint : Use $\int_0^a f(x) dx = \int_0^a f(a-x) dx$]

47. (i) $\frac{\pi}{12}$. (ii) $\frac{\pi}{2} - \log 2$.

(iii) 0. (iv) $\pi/2$.

(v) $\frac{\pi^2}{4}$

(vi) απ.

48. $\frac{1}{2}$

49. $-x \cos x + \sin x + c.$

50. $x + \log x + c.$

51. $\frac{1}{2} \log |\sec x + \tan x| + c.$

52. $-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sin 3x}{3} - \sin x \right)$

53. $2 - \sqrt{2}$

54. 0

55. $\log |1 + \sin x| + c$

56. $x - \sin x + c$

57. $\log |\cos x + \sin x| + c$

58. $\frac{(a/c)^x}{\log(a/c)} + \frac{(b/c)^x}{\log(b/c)} + C.$

59. (i) $\frac{2(2x-1)}{\pi} \sin^{-1} \sqrt{x} + \frac{2\sqrt{x-x^2}}{\pi} - x + c$

(ii) $-2\sqrt{1-x} + \cos^{-1} \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x-x^2} + c$

(iii) $-\frac{1}{3} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} \left[\log \left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2} \right) - \frac{2}{3} \right] + c$

$$(iv) \frac{\sin x - x \cos x}{x \sin x + \cos x} + c$$

$$(v) (x + a) \tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a}} - \sqrt{ax} + c$$

$$(vi) 2 \sin^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{3} - 1}{2}$$

$$(vii) 0$$

$$(viii) -\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3} + 5$$

$$(ix) \frac{3}{\pi} + \frac{1}{\pi^2}.$$

$$60. \quad (i) \quad x - 4 \log |x| + \frac{5}{4} \log |x - 1| + \frac{3}{4} \log |x + 1| + \log |x^2 + 1| - \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} x + c.$$

$$x + \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{x - 1}{x + 1} \right| - \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} x + \log \left| \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^4 + 1} \right| + c.$$

$$(ii) \quad \frac{1}{5} \log |x - 1| - \frac{1}{10} \log |x^2 + 4| - \frac{1}{10} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + c.$$

$$(iii) \quad 2x - \frac{1}{8} \log |x + 1| + \frac{81}{8} \log |x - 3| - \frac{27}{2(x - 3)} + c.$$

$$(iv) \quad x + \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{x - 2}{x + 2} \right| - \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + c.$$

$$(v) \quad \pi/\sqrt{2}.$$

$$(vi) \quad \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \frac{(x^2 - 1)}{\sqrt{2x}} - \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{x^2 - \sqrt{2x} + 1}{x^2 + \sqrt{2x} + 1} \right| + c$$

- (vii) $\pi/8$.
61. (i) 14. (ii) $\frac{26}{3}$.
- (iii) 26.
- (iv) $\frac{1}{2}(127 + e^8)$.
- (v) $\frac{141}{2}$.
62. (i) $\frac{\pi}{2} - \log 2$
- (ii) $-\frac{1}{5} \log \left| \frac{\tan x - x}{2 \tan x + 1} \right| + c$
- (iii) $\frac{\pi}{8} \log 2$.
- (iv) $\frac{\pi}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)$.
63. $\frac{1}{6} \log |1 - \cos x| + \frac{1}{2} \log(1 + \cos x) - \frac{2}{3} \log |1 + 2 \cos x| + c$.
64. $3 \log |(2 - \sin \theta)| + \frac{4}{2 - \sin \theta} + c$.
65. $\frac{1}{2} \sec x + \tan x + \frac{1}{2} \log |\sec x + \tan x| + c$.
66. $\frac{e^{2x}}{13} (2 \cos 3x + 3 \sin 3x) + c$.

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